

Rare Earth Recycling for Europe

Closed-loop Permanent Recycling Process at Pilot Scale

Ana Maria Martinez, Project Coordinator



The REE4EU Consortium

□ 4 years project: 1 October 2015 – 30 September 2019

SINTEF tecnalia Inspiring Business

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- □ Innovation action, TRL= 7
- □ 14 Partners, industry-driven consortium
- Budget: 9 m€ (7.5 m€ EU contribution)

less common metals

<image>

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PNO

UNIVERSITÉ TOULOUSE III

UL SABATIER



Industry:

RTOs:

SMEs:





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Industrial Consumption of RE by value



By value



By element



The largest share of RE consumption corresponds to RE-based permanent magnets (Nd-based PM)

The largest share corresponds to the REE that are used in the PM, i.e. Neodymium, Praseodymium and Dysprosium







Rare Earth Market Drivers-Green Technologies





PM in offshore turbines ⇒ 170-230 Kg RE/MW



PM in both electric traction motor and generator ⇒ 1.5-2 Kg and 0.5 Kg, respectively

PM: permanent magnet, where RE= Nd, Pr and Dy







> 5

Rare Earth Expected demand in E&HEV sector





Demand forecast in the EU

BEV: battery electric vehicle PHEV: plug-in hybrid electric vehicle HEV: hybrid electric vehicles







6

>>> Current Permanent Magnets Value Chain







Resource and Energy Efficiency



REE4EU technology - PM value chain in Europe





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RE Sustainable Process Industry through Resource and Energy Efficiency



REE4EU's Closed Loop Permanent Magnet Recycling





RE Sustainable Process Industry through Resource and Energy Efficiency



9

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REE4EU Technology





Replication activities using spent NiMH battery waste (black mass) ⓒ Can be applied to other RE-containing wastes.







> 10

REE4EU's Ionic Liquid Extraction Unit



- The PM-waste is converted into pure RE-Oxalates in several steps
- The spent permanent magnets can be treated as big ingots in special designed reactors thus avoiding the use of metallic powder material, and minimising HSE risks







300 Kg pure **RE-oxalates**







- The pure RE-Oxalates obtained in the ILE unit are calcined in a rotary kiln.
- The pure RE-Oxides obtained are treated in the HTE unit









12



REE4EU's High Temperature Electrolysis Unit



- □ The pure RE-Oxides are converted into RE alloys
- Basis for the REE4EU technology
- HTE unit is one-of-its-kind: automatic REO feeding and continuous monitoring of the off-gas are two of its advantages
- Provides **RE-alloy**, suited to be used in the manufacture of new PM







> 13



REE4EU's High Temperature Electrolysis Unit >>>











14

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PM Produced using REE4EU's Technology







RE Sustainable Process Industry through Resource and Energy Efficiency



PM Produced using REE4EU's Technology





RE Sustainable Process Industry through Resource and Energy Efficiency



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